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Experiment IX. Effect of Freezing on the viability of spores of A. flavus NOT suspended in any vehicle during freezing. 5/31/52.

Procedure: Culture 32 (Age 14 days) and Culture (33) Age 12 days were utilized.

Spores were tapped and brushed onto sterile weighing paper and then to small amounts tapped from there into the bottom of the freezing tubes. Some spores undoubtedly stuck to the upper sides of the tube; but they probably were not among those removed during inoculations.

After freezing, approximately 0.1 ml. sterile ^{double} distilled water was pipetted into each freezing tube; the contents well stirred, and approx 0.03 ml. introduced onto each agar disk. Exact amount was not quantities were not used here as there was bound to be a very large difference in the number of spores introduced in the various freezing tubes.

One slight mistake was made: Tubes # 6 (3 tubes) were treated in suspension as follows: 0.1 ml. H₂O added to 1st tube, and stirred; then same pipette used to draw up H₂O double distilled water for second tube. This undoubtedly introduced some spores into the test tube containing approx 50 ml. of double distilled water. The error thus introduced into later tubes (in which in a given set (for which one pipette was utilized) all but 3 tubes were filled with 0.1 ml. H₂O, then stirring was done) was

probably very slight because 1. Spores became greatly diluted in 50 ml - only 0.1 ml withdrawn for a sample
 2. From experience, many spores tend to remain on surface layer of water, and resuspending water was always removed with the mouth of the syringe well below the surface.
 The error must have been well under 1%.

Otherwise Procedure was as outlined before.

Experimental: 5 sets of tubes utilized.

3 tubes	A/	No vehicle; Quick freezing;	Quick warming;	Quick Thawing
3 "	B/	" " " "	Slow warming;	" "
3 "	C/	" " " "	slow warming	slow thawing
1	D/	Double distilled * water (vehicle)	" "	Quick warming; Quick Thawing
1	E/	" * "	Slow warming;	Slow Thawing

Each tube was inoculated in duplicate.

* In D and E the procedure was as in previous exp. except "dry" spores added to tubes first, then 0.1 ml. water added. ~~Then~~

~~Then~~ ^E tubes also served as check for preceding experiment i.e. frozen at -70° , then put in bath at -15° and allowed to warm then thawing (~~etc.~~).

In C, tubes were removed when temperature reached -2°C and then thawed for 35 sec in water at $+35^{\circ}$

Since no liquid water vehicle was present, thawing could not actually be observed; but 30-40 sec. has been the usual amount of time.

D. was quick thawed in usual way.

Initial Freezing

Temperature = 67° (at beginning) and -69 to -70° during most of freezing.

Duration of freezing = • 18 minutes

Warming

A) Quick warming; quick thawing. ~~Tubes~~ Dry spores;
Tubes # 6, II, 3-2 and an unmarked tube

Tubes in water at ~~$+34^{\circ}\text{C}$~~ $+34.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ - immediately (or within 30 sec after removing from initial freezing bath.

B) "Dry" spores; slow warming; quick thawing

Time (after removed from freezing bath)	Temperature Therm. # 2, # 3	Time	Temp. (# 2, # 3, # 4)
6 min	-49°	22 min.	-31.5 -30° -31
9	-45°	27 min	-27.5 -27°
12.5	-41 -39°C	33 min.	-22 -21
18	-36 -34°	43.5	-13 -8.5 -13°
		48	-10 -10.5 -11°

B) continued

Time	Therm. #		
	# 2	3	4
#8 54 min	-6.2	-7	-7.0
58 min	-4.0	-4.5	-5.0
61	-2.5	-2.5	-3.0
62.5 minutes	-1.5	-2°	-2°

Then removed and thawed for 35 sec. in water at +35°C.
Warming in 600ml. beaker containing 390 ml. of methyl alcohol.

Total measured time = 56.5 minutes (ie 62.5 - 6)

Total # °C = 49 - 2 = 47°

Avg. warming rate = $\frac{47^\circ}{56.5 \text{ min}} = \underline{0.83^\circ/\text{min}}$

C) "Dry" spins - slow warming slow thawing

Time (after initial having)	Temperatures Therm.		Time	Therm	
	# 2	# 3		# 2	# 3
7 min		-46.5°C	45 min	-1.6	-2°
9.5 min		-42°	47 min	0°	0° (Thawing begin?)
13	-36	-34°	57 min	+3.4°	+4°
19	-29.5	-27°	59 min	+5.5°	+5.5°
21	-25.5	-25		<u>Tubes removed</u>	
24.5	-21.5	-20.8°			
28	-17	-16			
33.5	-13.5	-12			
42	-3.5	-3.5			

Warming was done in a 600 ml. beaker containing 150 ml. of methyl cellosolve.

Past experience has shown that thawing of ice in tube occurs when outside bath is approx $+5^{\circ}\text{C}$. Hence this temp was gained before tubes were removed. Time for bath to go from 0° to $+5.5^{\circ} = \underline{12.5 \text{ minutes}}$.

Measured time elapsed = $59.5 - 7 = 52.5 \text{ minutes}$
 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ warmed = $46.5 + 5.5 = 52.0$

Avg. Rate = $\frac{52^{\circ}}{52.5 \text{ min}} = 0.99^{\circ}/\text{min}$.

D. See p. 13.

E. Spores in Double distilled water. Warmed and thawed in bath starting at -15°C .

Time (after initial freezing)	Temperature		
		20 min	-0.1°C
5 min	-8.4°C	20.5	$+0.1^{\circ}$ — Thawing begins
8.5	-6°	23.5	$+1.7^{\circ}$
12	-4.6°	26.5	$+3^{\circ}$
14	-3.3°	29	$+4^{\circ}$
16	-1.5°	30.5	$+4.7$
		32	$+5.6^{\circ}$ — Thawing complete

Warming vessel was 1000 ml. Beaker containing
280 ml. methyl cellosolve.

Time for thawing = 11.5 minutes.



Total measured elapsed time = $32 - 5 = 27 \text{ min.}$
 $0^\circ \text{C} = 8.4 + 5.6 = 14.0^\circ$

Avg. Rate = $\frac{14^\circ}{27 \text{ min}} = 0.52^\circ/\text{min.}$

Inoculations & killing

Designation	Description	Time Inoc.	Time killed	Length of Inoc.
A	dry, Quick Warm + Thaw	11:45 PM.	3:45	16 hrs.
B	dry, slow " ^{quick} slow thaw	11:45 PM.	"	16 hrs.
C	" " slow thaw	11:45 PM.	"	16 hrs.
D	water, QW-AT	11:30	"	15 hrs 45 min
E	water slow slow thaw	11:30	"	" "
Controls	A *	11:45	3:45	16 hrs.

* Prepared by the storing spores in double distilled water
at 11:45 - dispersing .03 ml. of suspension into each of two
agar dishes.

Slide #	Tube #	Description	# Germ.	# Not Germ.	% Germin.	Comments	
A	1-A	3-I	Spores Dry	422	47	$\frac{422}{469} = 89.9\%$	
	1-B	3-I	Fast Warm	642	46	$\frac{642}{688} = 93.4\%$	
	2-A	6-II	Fast Thaw	789	69	$\frac{789}{858} = 92.0\%$	one Large Clump*
	2-B			622	83	$\frac{622}{705} = 88.3\%$	A few small clumps.
	3-A	Blank		422	99	$\frac{422}{521} = 80.9\%$	
	3-B		No Spores on slide.				
B	1-A	2-I	Spores Dry	217	48	$\frac{217}{265} = 81.8\%$	Spores scarce - in
	1-B		Slow Warm	154	30	$\frac{154}{184} = 83.7\%$	clumps - clumps same # of ungerm spores?
	2-A	2-II	Fast Thaw	343	104	$\frac{343}{447} = 76.7\%$	
	2-B			279	72	$\frac{279}{351} = 79.5\%$	Spores Scarce crystals on agar.
	3-A	2-III 5-I		277	144	$\frac{277}{421} = 65.7\%$	Spores Scarce - crystalline on Agar
	3-B						
C	1-A	1-I	Spores "Dry"	486	258	$\frac{486}{744} = 65.3\%$	Some Broken spore particles - not many.
	1-B		Slow Warm	359	176	$\frac{359}{535} = 67.2\%$	
	2-A	1-II	Slow Thaw	342	47	$\frac{342}{489} = 69.9\%$	Middle too thick to want. \therefore by eye
	2-B			330	40	$\frac{330}{370} = 89.3\%$	 - But not low % in center
	3-A	5-II		573	87	$\frac{573}{660} = 86.8\%$	Agar v. crowded in central region -  count.
	3-C			675	191	$\frac{675}{866} = 78.0\%$	

* This clump contained a good number of ungerminated spores - but most of these spores had not welled. Prob. the % (ie not including clump of several to many thousand spores) is probably accurate -

Sl. No	Tube	Description	# Germ.	# Not	% Germ.
D	1-A	9-II Spores in H ₂ O.	416	181	$\frac{416}{597} = 69.7\%$
	1-B	" Fast warm, Fast thaw	459	159	$\frac{459}{618} = 74.2\%$
E	1-A	9-II-B spores in	43	573	$\frac{43}{616} = 6.97\%$ *
	1-B	Water - Blow warm and thaw	42	702	$\frac{42}{744} = 5.65\%$ *

Control A-1 See bottom p. 16. - Around 65% germ. Not U.C.W. - Must be
 A-2 due to killing spores in transfer or to some dead spores remaining in tube
 * There were numerous large clumps of spores which had not wet; these had not germinated, but were not counted.

From previous times.

Conclusions

Although the variation is quite great in some cases, it is quite clear that spores ~~from~~ cooled in air to -70°C are not harmed by the process. This would seem to be best explained by no freezing occurring. i.e. outside ~~no~~ aqueous vehicle is necessary for freezing to occur.

A Statistics

	m	x	m-x	(m-x) ²	Mean = 88.9 ± 4.36 %
A. 89.9	88.9	89.9	+1.0	1	
93.4	88.9	93.4	+4.5	20.25	
92.0	88.9	92.0	+3.1	9.61	
55.3	88.9	88.3	-0.6	0.36	
80.9	88.9	80.9	-8.0	64.00	
$\Sigma = 444.5$				<u>95.22</u>	
Mean = 88.9				$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{95.22}{5}} = \sqrt{19.05} = 4.36$	

	m	x	m-x	(m-x) ²	$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{200.44}{5}} = \sqrt{40.2} = 6.34$
B. 81.8	77.4	81.8	+4.4	19.36	
83.7	77.4	83.7	+6.3	39.69	
76.7	77.4	76.7	-0.7	0.49	
79.4	77.4	79.4	+2.0	4.0	
65.7	77.4	65.7	-11.7	136.9	
$\Sigma = 387.3$				<u>200.44</u>	

$$\text{Mean} = 77.4 \pm 6.34 \%$$

	m	x	m-x	(m-x) ²	$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{574.03}{6}} = \sqrt{95.7} = 9.76$
C. 65.3	79.1	65.3	-13.8	190.44	
67.2	79.1	67.2	-11.9	141.61	
87.9	79.1	87.9	+8.8	77.44	
89.3	79.1	89.3	+10.2	104.04	
86.8	79.1	86.8	+7.7	59.29	
78.0	79.1	78.0	-1.1	1.21	
$\Sigma = 474.5$				<u>574.03</u>	

$$\text{Mean} = 79.1 \pm 9.76 \%$$

D. 62.7

$$\frac{79.2}{1.1} = 72.0 \%$$

$$\text{Mean} = 72.0 \pm 2.2 \%$$

E. 6.97

5.65

$$\frac{12.62}{2} = 6.31$$

$$\text{Mean} = 6.31 \%$$

$$\text{Mean} = 6.31 \pm 0.66 \%$$